Child trafficking

Child smugglers show the children they take with them to

the Gulf states as their adopted sons. Its the adoption laws

which need to be implemented properly



he body of nine-yearold camel rider Sabir Ali who died in Dubai during a race was brought to Pakistan and flown to his ancestral village in Dera Ghazi Khan.

In some ways Sabir was fortunate to be buried in his soil. Sabir is not the first but the latest victim of the human trafficking groups which have been playing with the lives of poor children of the country.

Most children end up with permanent physical or mental damage or both, caused by the trauma of the violent race in which the screams and shrieks of the frightened young jockeys make the camels run faster.

In fact a good number of children die in the course of the race, either tied on to the camel's back or by falling off the cruising beast.

The law enforcement agencies claim to have controlled immigration at all points of exit to help detect smuggling of camel jockeys out of the country but who knows if this business is still thriving.

Its the money involved in the business that keeps it going. The price of each child is estimated to be between 6,000 and 8,000 dirhams, the large part of which goes to the gang operators and once the children reach the place they are given some money as salary or wages.

"Pakistan is a country of origin for young boys who are kidnapped or bought and sent to work as camel jockeys in the United Arab Emirates and Qatar where they are used as camel jockeys, for illegal adoption, organ transplant, drug smuggling and forced labour," said Ayesha Moeen, a social worker who works for an NGO.

Religious affiliation with the holy cities of the Arab kingdom persuades many poor families to hand over their children to agents who promise huge salary and other benefits in return and later use the victims as jockeys.

Desire to make quick money pushes many human traffickers with the connivance of the corrupt people in the law enforcement agencies to forge fake documents of the children and transfer them to the Arab states but FIA authorities claim to have busted gangs of Anwar Dogar and Khalid Dobha.

Snags in adoption laws

help the human smugglers carry on their business as the show the victims as the adopted sons on papers.

"Many smugglers carry victims showing them the adopted sons with the help fake documents and in tway they (human trafficke manage to dupe the lenforcement agencies," s Maryam Ahmed, a lawyer profession.

"The Hague Conventi which regulates international adoption, must be ratified order to combat illegal actions and children smugg to Arab states for caraces," she said.

Some humam rig activists opined that A countries should be force sign the international con tions on child rights and N should raise their voice in International Community ban the camel race.

They held the indiffe attitude of the law enfo ment agencies and the gov ment responsible for increase in child traffickir Gulf for camel race.

Mentioning declining s set up of the country as main dilemma, Ilyas Bu religious person said, "it i discriminatory socio-econ system and family cul which allows the commod tion of children's bodies."

"Non Governor Organisations and commutations and commutations of the second of the sec

According to data coll from the facts of the r tered cases, the human fickers have their croni almost every big shrine oprovince because runawa waif children usually take ter in the premises o shrines.

Contesting the poin drugs are being suppli the Gulf by children, FL inspector Waris Lodhi sa human traffickers in the try are the only suppli children to their partn the Gulf and they dindulge in drugs traffi because of stern punish and strict checking at tiports.

"Besides working as eys the smuggled childr sexually abused in the the FIA official said.

-Suhail A